

Section A: Multiple Choice. Select the best response to each of the following statements and write the LETTER of your choice in the space provided. Value 30%.

- ___ 1. What percentage of Canada's population lives in cities ?
a) 50% b) 67% c) 75% d) 90%
- ___ 2. The two most heavily populated provinces of Canada are:-
a) British Columbia & Ontario
b) Quebec & Alberta
c) Nova Scotia & Ontario
d) Ontario & Quebec
- ___ 3. What is the population density of a land area that has 6,300 km² and a population of 86,000 people ?
a) 7.32 b) 23.89 c) 16.36 d) 13.65
- ___ 4. Which of the following countries has more foreign-born residents than Canada ?
a) Switzerland b) United States
c) Germany d) England
- ___ 5. The two most densely populated provinces of Canada are:-
a) British Columbia & Alberta
b) Nova Scotia & Prince Edward Island
c) British Columbia & Ontario
d) Ontario & Quebec
- ___ 6. Canada's two largest cities are:-
a) Vancouver & Ottawa b) Calgary & Winnipeg
c) Toronto & Montreal d) Halifax & Toronto
- ___ 7. If a country has an **infant mortality rate** of 6.8 deaths per 1,000 births, and there were 85,500 births over the course of a year, how many children died before their first birthday ?
a) 582 b) 1320 c) 363 d) 255
- ___ 8. A Canadian city with a large Chinese immigrant population is:-
a) Montreal b) Toronto
c) Vancouver d) Calgary
- ___ 9. Immigrants coming to Atlantic Canada settle primarily in the province of:-
a) Prince Edward Island b) Nova Scotia
c) Newfoundland d) New Brunswick
- ___ 10. The reason why many immigrants came to Saskatchewan in the early part of the last century was because they were:-
a) fleeing wars in their former European homelands
b) farmers and cheap land was readily available
c) seeking freedom to worship without persecution
d) not allowed to settle in the more densely populated industrial centers
- ___ 11. For every Canadian, there are how many Chinese living in China ?
a) 25 b) 30 c) 100 d) 43
- ___ 12. A country that has a population growth rate that is less than 1%:-
a) Australia b) France
c) Japan d) China
- ___ 13. People between the ages of 15 and 65 make up the:-
a) active working age b) dependency load
c) fertility rate d) growth rate

- ___ 14. The "**baby boom**" applies to people born in Canada between the years:-
 a) 1955 - 1975 b) 1930 - 1950
 c) 1945 - 1965 b) 1960 - 1980
- ___ 15. The Atlantic Canada province with lowest population density per square kilometer is:-
 a) Prince Edward Island b) Nova Scotia
 c) Newfoundland d) New Brunswick

Section B: True or False. Place a "T" or "F" in the space provided to the left. Value 17%.

- ___ 1. Canadians are living longer today than they did in the past.
- ___ 2. One of the problems with Canada's population today is that it is in danger of shrinking because of a low **fertility rate**.
- ___ 3. Population growth is the result of two factors: natural decrease and immigration.
- ___ 4. More males are likely to live beyond 75 years of age than females.
- ___ 5. The population of Canada is evenly distributed throughout the country.
- ___ 6. Many of Canada's early settlements were in areas where there were good soils.
- ___ 7. Immigrants coming to Canada flock to the larger towns and cities in search of work.
- ___ 8. The "**heartland**" of Canada has a higher concentration of people than the "**hinterland**".
- ___ 9. People migrate from one province in Canada to another province mainly because of economic reasons.
- ___ 10. Canada has become one of the most popular countries for people seeking a new way of life.
- ___ 11. Over the past 75 years, both birth rates and death rates have gone down in Canada.
- ___ 12. It is a common practice for parents in Canada to look to their children to support them in their later years.
- ___ 13. In industrialized countries, **infant mortality rates** are usually very low.
- ___ 14. The percentage of Canada's population that make up the "**greying of the population**" will start to decline over the next twenty years.
- ___ 15. People living in settlements on the Canadian Shield are often employed in harvesting either the mineral or forest resources of the area.
- ___ 16. The presence of ethnic neighbourhoods in many Canadian cities serves as a **pull factor** for many immigrants who want to come and live in Canada.
- ___ 17. The **independent class** of immigrants refers to those people who have been displaced from their homes because of political or cultural reasons.

Section C: Complete the following statements by writing your answer in the space provided. Value 18%.

1. _____ is the movement of people from one place to another.
2. _____ is the study of population.
3. The ages between _____ are generally considered to be the child-bearing age.
4. _____ takes place when a person leaves his country and goes elsewhere to live on a permanent basis.
5. _____ takes place when there is no natural increase in a country's population.

6. The number of people within a measured land area is called the _____.
7. Sixty percent of Canada's population and 75% of its industry is located in an area known as the _____.
8. The _____ is an area beyond the highly urbanized core of a region or a country.
9. People now retired from the work force and who live on pensions are considered to be part of a population's _____.

Section D: Students are to answer the following questions on a separate sheet of paper. Value 35%.

1. a) In 1986, a total of 3647 children died before they reached their first birthday. For the same year there were 319,007 live births. Find the **infant mortality rate**. (4%)
- b) In 1993, there were 312,736 live births and 197,094 deaths. Find the **natural change** in the population. (2%)
- c) In 1997, the population of a country was 17,500,000 people. There were 258,696 live births and 136,836 deaths. Find the **birth rate** and the **death rate** for 1997. (6%)
2. On the sheet of graph paper provided draw the **population pyramid** for the following set of population figures. (15%)

MALES	AGE	FEMALES
18.2%	0 - 4	17.7%
15.0%	5 - 9	15.0%
12.4%	10 - 14	12.4%
9.5%	15 - 19	9.9%
7.9%	20 - 24	8.2%
7.2%	25 - 29	7.2%
6.6%	30 - 34	6.3%
5.7%	35 - 39	5.2%
4.6%	40 - 44	4.4%
3.9%	45 - 49	3.7%
3.0%	50 - 54	3.0%
2.3%	55 - 59	2.3%
1.7%	60 - 64	1.9%
1.0%	65 - 69	1.3%
0.6%	70 - 74	0.9%
0.4%	75+	0.6%

3. For what reasons did the Great Lakes - St. Lawrence Lowland become the focal point for many early settlers who came to Canada ? (8%)